PDC® F694 C181 BLACK

Safety Data Sheet

Prepared according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Revision date: 03/22/2016 Supersedes: 01/30/2012 Version: 1.0

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product name : 5 GAL PDC® F694 C181 BLACK

Product form : Mixture

Product code : F694105C181

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Plasti Dip International, Inc.
3920 Pheasant Ridge Drive
Blaine, MN 55449
Phone - (763) 785-2156

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300 (US); 703-527-3887 (International)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS-US classification

Flam. Liq. 2 H225
Skin Irrit. 2 H315
Skin Sens. 1 H317
Carc. 2 H351
Repr. 2 H361
STOT RE 1 H372
Asp. Tox. 1 H304

2.2. Label elements

GHS-US labeling

Hazard pictograms (GHS-US) :

GHS02 GHS07 GHS08

Signal word (GHS-US) : **Danger**

Hazard statements (GHS-US) :
H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor
H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
H315 - Causes skin irritation
H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction
H351 - Suspected of causing cancer
H361 - Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child
H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

Precautionary statements (GHS-US) :
P201 - Obtain special instructions before use
P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood
P210 - Keep away from heat, open flames, sparks. - No smoking
P233 - Keep container tightly closed
P240 - Ground/bond container and receiving equipment
P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, lighting, ventilating equipment
P242 - Use only non-sparking tools
P243 - Take precautionary measures against static discharge
P260 - Do not breathe vapors, mist
P264 - Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling
P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product
P272 - Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace
P280 - Wear eye protection, protective clothing, protective gloves
P301+P310 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER, a doctor
P302+P352 - If on skin: Wash with plenty of soap and water
P303+P361+P353 - If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower
P308+P313 - If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention
P314 - Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell
P321 - Specific treatment (see first aid instructions on this label)
P331 - Do NOT induce vomiting
P333+P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention
P362+P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse

P370+P378 - In case of fire: Use carbon dioxide (CO_2), dry extinguishing powder, foam to extinguish
P403+P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool
P405 - Store locked up
P501 - Dispose of contents/container to a licensed hazardous-waste disposal contractor or collection site except for empty clean containers which can be disposed of as non-hazardous waste

2.3. Other hazards

No additional information available

2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

No data available

SECTION 3: Composition/Information on ingredients

3.1. Substance

Not applicable

3.2. Mixture

Name	Product identifier	%
Distillates, petroleum, light distillate hydrotreating process, low-boiling	(CAS No) 68410-97-9	15 - 40*
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	(CAS No) 1330-20-7	10 - 30*
Ethylbenzene	(CAS No) 100-41-4	3 - 7*
Hexane	(CAS No) 110-54-3	5 - 10*
3-Methylpentane	(CAS No) 96-14-0	0.5 - 1.5*
Methylcyclopentane	(CAS No) 96-37-7	0.5 - 1.5
Acetone	(CAS No) 67-64-1	5 - 10*
Antimony oxide (Sb2O3)	(CAS No) 1309-64-4	1 - 5*
Stoddard solvent	(CAS No) 8052-41-3	0.1 - 1*
Carbon black	(CAS No) 1333-86-4	0.1 - 1*
Methyl ethyl ketoxime	(CAS No) 96-29-7	≤ 0.1*

*In accordance with paragraph (i) of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR §1910.1200), the specific chemical identity or exact weight % has been withheld as a trade secret

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures general : If exposed or concerned, get medical attention/advice. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use. Never give anything to an unconscious person.

First-aid measures after inhalation : IF INHALED: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get medical attention. If breathing is difficult, supply oxygen. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration.

First-aid measures after skin contact : IF ON SKIN (or clothing): Remove affected clothing and wash all exposed skin with water for at least 15 minutes. If irritation develops or persists, get medical attention.

First-aid measures after eye contact : IF IN EYES: Immediately flush with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do so. If pain, blinking, or irritation develops or persists, get medical attention. Continue rinsing.

First-aid measures after ingestion : IF SWALLOWED: rinse mouth thoroughly. Do not induce vomiting without advice from poison control center or medical professional. Get medical attention immediately.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms/injuries : May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Symptoms/injuries after inhalation : May cause respiratory irritation.

Symptoms/injuries after skin contact : Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Symptoms/injuries after eye contact : Direct contact with the eyes is likely to be irritating.

Symptoms/injuries after ingestion : May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Chronic symptoms : Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No additional information available

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Carbon dioxide. Foam. Dry chemical.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire hazard : Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

Explosion hazard : Heating may cause an explosion.

Reactivity : No dangerous reactions known under normal conditions of use.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Firefighting instructions : Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire. Do not dispose of fire-fighting water in the environment. Prevent human exposure to fire, fumes, smoke and products of combustion. Avoid contact with sprayed water - material slippery when wet.

Protection during firefighting : Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection. Self-contained breathing apparatus.

Other information : This material is flammable and may be ignited by heat, sparks, or static electricity.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures : Evacuate area. Keep upwind. Ventilate area. Spill should be handled by trained clean-up crews properly equipped with respiratory equipment and full chemical protective gear (see Section 8).

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Protective equipment : Wear Protective equipment as described in Section 8.

Emergency procedures : Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment : Wear suitable protective clothing, gloves and eye or face protection. Approved supplied-air respirator, in case of emergency.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Notify authorities if liquid enters sewers or public waters. Avoid release to the environment.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment : Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent migration and entry into sewers or streams. Prevent entry to sewers and public waters.

Methods for cleaning up : Exclude sources of ignition and ventilate the area. Soak up spills with inert solids, such as clay or diatomaceous earth as soon as possible. Sweep or shovel spills into appropriate container for disposal. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way, and as per local legislation.

6.4. Reference to other sections

No additional information available

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling : Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Do not breathe mist, vapors. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions : Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep container closed when not in use. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Distillates, petroleum, light distillate hydrotreating process, low-boiling (68410-97-9)	
Remark (ACGIH)	OELs not established
Remark (OSHA)	OELs not established

Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)	
ACGIH TWA (ppm)	100
ACGIH STEL (ppm)	150
OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	435
OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	100
OSHA PEL (STEL) (mg/m³)	655
OSHA PEL (STEL) (ppm)	150

Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	
ACGIH TWA (ppm)	20
Remark (ACGIH)	upper respiratory tract irritation; kidney damage (nephropathy); cochlear impairment
OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	435
OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	100
OSHA PEL (STEL) (mg/m³)	545
OSHA PEL (STEL) (ppm)	125

Hexane (110-54-3)	
ACGIH TWA (ppm)	50
OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	1800
OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	500

3-Methylpentane (96-14-0)	
Remark (ACGIH)	OELs not established
Remark (OSHA)	OELs not established

Acetone (67-64-1)	
ACGIH TWA (ppm)	500
ACGIH STEL (ppm)	750
OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	2400
OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	1000
OSHA PEL (STEL) (mg/m³)	2400 (The acetone STEL does not apply to the cellulose acetate fiber industry. It is in effect for all other sectors)
OSHA PEL (STEL) (ppm)	1000

Antimony oxide (Sb2O3) (1309-64-4)	
Remark (ACGIH)	Carcinogen: A2 - Suspected Human Carcinogen; Threshold Limit Values - TLV Basis - Critical Effects: lung cancer and pneumoconiosis
Remark (OSHA)	OELs not established

Stoddard solvent (8052-41-3)	
ACGIH TWA (ppm)	100
Remark (ACGIH)	CNS impairment; Eye, skin, and kidney damage; nausea
OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	2900
OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	500

Carbon black (1333-86-4)	
ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	3
Remark (ACGIH)	Bronchitis
OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	3.5

Methyl ethyl ketoxime (96-29-7)	
Remark (ACGIH)	OELs not established
Remark (OSHA)	OELs not established

Methylcyclopentane (96-37-7)	
Remark (ACGIH)	OELs not established
Remark (OSHA)	OELs not established

8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to control airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. Use explosion-proof equipment with flammable materials. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Personal protective equipment	:	Gloves. Protective goggles. Protective clothing. Insufficient ventilation: wear respiratory protection.

Hand protection	:	Use gloves chemically resistant to this material when prolonged or repeated contact could occur. Gloves should be classified under Standard EN 374 or ASTM F1296. Suggested glove materials are: Neoprene, Nitrile/butadiene rubber, Polyethylene, Ethyl vinyl alcohol laminate, PVC or vinyl. Suitable gloves for this specific application can be recommended by the glove supplier.
Eye protection	:	Wear eye protection, including chemical splash goggles and a face shield when possibility exists for eye contact due to spraying liquid or airborne particles.
Skin and body protection	:	Wear long sleeves, and chemically impervious PPE/coveralls to minimize bodily exposure.
Respiratory protection	:	Wear a NIOSH-approved (or equivalent) full-facepiece airline respirator in the positive pressure mode with emergency escape provisions. In case of inadequate ventilation or risk of inhalation of vapors, use suitable respiratory equipment with gas filter (type A2). Use a positive-pressure air-supplied respirator if there is any potential for an uncontrolled release, exposure levels are not known, or any other circumstances where air-purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	:	Liquid
Color	:	Black.
Odor	:	characteristic. Solvent.
Odor Threshold	:	No data available
pH	:	No data available
Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1)	:	> 1
Melting point	:	No data available
Freezing point	:	No data available
Boiling point	:	56 - 141 °C (133 - 285 °F)
Flash point	:	-22 °C (-8 °F) (TCC)
Auto-ignition temperature	:	No data available
Decomposition temperature	:	No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	No data available
Vapor pressure	:	186 mm Hg @ 20 °C (68 °F)
Relative vapor density at 20 °C	:	Heavier than air (Air = 1)
Relative density	:	0.85 (H_2O = 1)
Solubility	:	Insoluble in water.
Log Pow	:	No data available
Log Kow	:	No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	:	No data available
Viscosity, dynamic	:	No data available
Explosive properties	:	No data available
Oxidizing properties	:	No data available
Explosion limits	:	0.9 - 12.8 vol %

9.2. Other information

VOC content	:	60.1 % (4.30 LBS./GAL)

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

No dangerous reactions known under normal conditions of use.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under recommended handling and storage conditions (see section 7).

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

None known.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

None known.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong acids. Bases. Oxidizing agent. selected amines with alkali metals and halogens.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon oxides (CO, CO_2). Hydrogen Bromide. Hydrogen Chloride. Organic hydrocarbons.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity : Not classified

Skin corrosion/irritation : Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/irritation : Not classified

Respiratory or skin sensitization : May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Germ cell mutagenicity : Not classified.

Carcinogenicity : Suspected of causing cancer.

Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	
IARC group	2B - Possibly carcinogenic to humans

Benzene (71-43-2)	
IARC group	1 - Carcinogenic to humans
National Toxicology Program (NTP) Status	2 - Known Human Carcinogens

Silica: Crystalline, quartz (14808-60-7)	
IARC group	1 - Carcinogenic to humans

Antimony oxide (Sb2O3) (1309-64-4)	
IARC group	2B - Possibly carcinogenic to humans

Arsenic (7440-38-2)	
IARC group	1 - Carcinogenic to humans
National Toxicology Program (NTP) Status	2 - Known Human Carcinogens

Lead (7439-92-1)	
IARC group	2B - Possibly carcinogenic to humans
National Toxicology Program (NTP) Status	3 - Reasonably anticipated to be Human Carcinogen

Carbon black (1333-86-4)	
IARC group	2B - Possibly carcinogenic to humans

Reproductive toxicity : Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) : Not classified

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard : May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Symptoms/injuries after inhalation : May cause respiratory irritation.

Symptoms/injuries after skin contact : Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Symptoms/injuries after eye contact : Direct contact with the eyes is likely to be irritating.

Symptoms/injuries after ingestion : May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Chronic symptoms : Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child. . Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - general : No information available.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

5 GAL PDC® F694 C181 BLACK	
Persistence and degradability	No information available.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

5 GAL PDC® F694 C181 BLACK	
Bioaccumulative potential	No information available.

12.4. Mobility in soil

5 GAL PDC® F694 C181 BLACK	
Ecology - soil	No information available.

12.5. Other adverse effects

No additional information available

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste treatment methods : Do not discharge to public wastewater systems without permit of pollution control authorities. No discharge to surface waters is allowed without an NPDES permit.

Waste disposal recommendations : Dispose in a safe manner in accordance with local/national regulations. Do not allow the product to be released into the environment.

SECTION 14: Transport information

In accordance with DOT

Transport document description : UN1139 Coating solution (Contains: Hexane, Actone), 3, II

UN-No.(DOT) : 1139

DOT NA no. : UN1139

Proper Shipping Name (DOT) : Coating solution
Contains: Hexane, Actone

Class (DOT) : 3 - Class 3 - Flammable and combustible liquid 49 CFR 173.120

Hazard labels (DOT) : 3 - Flammable liquid

Packing group (DOT) : II - Medium Danger

DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail (49 CFR 173.27) : 5 L

DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49 CFR 175.75) : 60 L

DOT Vessel Stowage Location : B - (i) The material may be stowed ‘‘on deck’’ or ‘‘under deck’’ on a cargo vessel and on a passenger vessel carrying a number of passengers limited to not more than the larger of 25 passengers, or one passenger per each 3 m of overall vessel length; and (ii) ‘‘On deck only’’ on passenger vessels in which the number of passengers specified in paragraph (k)(2)(i) of this section is exceeded

Additional information

Other information : No supplementary information available.

Transport by sea

No additional information available

Air transport

No additional information available

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal regulations

5 GAL PDC® F694 C181 BLACK	
All chemical substances in this product are listed in the EPA (Environment Protection Agency) TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) Inventory or are exempt	
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Immediate (acute) health hazard Delayed (chronic) health hazard Fire hazard

Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)	
Section 302 (EHS) TPQ	
Section 304 EHS RQ	
CERCLA RQ	100 lb
Section 313	Listed on US SARA Section 313

Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)

Section 302 (EHS) TPQ	
Section 304 EHS RQ	
CERCLA RQ	1000 lb
Section 313	Listed on US SARA Section 313

Hexane (110-54-3)	
Section 302 (EHS) TPQ	
Section 304 EHS RQ	
CERCLA RQ	5000 lb
Section 313	Listed on US SARA Section 313

Acetone (67-64-1)	
Section 302 (EHS) TPQ	
Section 304 EHS RQ	
CERCLA RQ	5000 lb
Section 313	Not Listed on US SARA Section 313

Antimony oxide (Sb2O3) (1309-64-4)	
Section 302 (EHS) TPQ	
Section 304 EHS RQ	
CERCLA RQ	1000 lb
Section 313	Not Listed on US SARA Section 313

15.2. International regulations
No additional information available.

15.3. US State regulations

This product contains, or may contain, trace quantities of a substance(s) known to the state of California to cause cancer and/or reproductive toxicity

Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)				
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	Non-significant risk level (NSRL)
Yes	No	No	No	54 (inhalation) 41 (oral) µg/day

Benzene (71-43-2)				
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	Non-significant risk level (NSRL) Maximum allowable dose level (MADL)
Yes	Yes	No	Yes	13 (inhalation) 6.4 (oral) µg/day 49 (inhalation) 24 (oral) µg/day

Methyl alcohol (67-56-1)				
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	Non-significant risk level (NSRL)
No	Yes	No	No	47,000 (inhalation) 23,000 (oral) µg/day

Silica: Crystalline, quartz (14808-60-7)				
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	Non-significant risk level (NSRL)
Yes	No	No	No	Not avaialble

Antimony oxide (Sb2O3) (1309-64-4)				
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	Non-significant risk level (NSRL)
Yes	No	No	No	Not avaialble

Arsenic (7440-38-2)				
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	Non-significant risk level (NSRL)
Yes	Yes	No	No	0.06 (inhalation) 10 (except inhalation) µg/day

Lead (7439-92-1)				
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	Non-significant risk level (NSRL) Maximum allowable dose level (MADL)
Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	15 (oral) µg/day 0.5 µg/day

Carbon black (1333-86-4)				
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	Non-significant risk level (NSRL)
Yes	No	No	No	Not available

Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)

U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List
U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List

Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)

U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List
U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List

Hexane (110-54-3)

U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List
U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

3-Methylpentane (96-14-0)

U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List
U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

2-Methylpentane (107-83-5)

U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List
U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

Acetone (67-64-1)

U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List
U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

Benzene (71-43-2)

U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List
U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Special Hazardous Substances
U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List

Methyl alcohol (67-56-1)

U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List
U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List

Limestone (1317-65-3)
U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List
U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

Silica: Crystalline, quartz (14808-60-7)
U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List

Antimony oxide (Sb2O3) (1309-64-4)
U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List
U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List

Arsenic (7440-38-2)
U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List
U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List
U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Special Hazardous Substances

Lead (7439-92-1)
U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List
U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List

Stoddard solvent (8052-41-3)
U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List
U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

Carbon black (1333-86-4)
U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List
U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Special Hazardous Substances

Barium sulfate (7727-43-7)
U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List
U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List

Due to pigments may contain 1 Proprietary Non-Hazardous Ingredients (Proprietary CAS)
U.S. - State Right To Know List

SECTION 16: Other information

Indication of changes : Revision 1.0: New SDS Created.

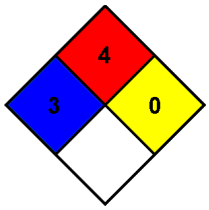
Revision date : 03/22/2016

Other information : Author: LMG.

NFPA health hazard : 3 - Short exposure could cause serious temporary or residual injury even though prompt medical attention was given.

NFPA fire hazard : 4 - Will rapidly or completely vaporize at normal pressure and temperature, or is readily dispersed in air and will burn readily.

NFPA reactivity : 0 - Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions, and are not reactive with water.



HMIS III Rating

Health : 3*

Flammability : 4

Physical : 0

Personal Protection :

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product